

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1898.

EASTERN ADVERTISING OFFICE 230
to 234 Temple Court, New York City
E. Katz, Agent.

A PROPHETIC SPEECH.

Two Years Ago Congressman Newlands
Covered All the Questions Now
Under Discussion on the Cuban
Situation.

We publish a speech of Congressman
Newlands on the Cuban question de-
livered two years ago. It covers all
the questions now under discussion
and as a matter of argument and
prophecy meets all the requirements
of subsequent events.

Mr. Hitt. I yield ten minutes to the
gentleman from Nevada—Mr. New-
lands.

Mr. Newlands. Mr. Speaker, the
Senate resolutions are substantially
the same as those which were passed
recently by the House, though they
are not, perhaps, couched in language
so diplomatic and courteous. Two ob-
jections are urged against these resolu-
tions. One is that there is not a state
of public war in Cuba. The able and
convincing speech of the chairman of
the Committee on Foreign Affairs,
Mr. Hitt, has fully established that
there is a state of public war in Cuba.
Over 125,000 Spanish soldiers have
been employed for a long period
of time in attempting to suppress the
rebellion, and, notwithstanding the
great strength employed in that effort
three-fourths of the island is now in
the hands of the insurgents.

It is true that the insurgents have
not been able to meet the army of the
oppressor with the force and vigor
with which equal armies meet. They
have been obliged to resort to the
tactics always employed by insurgents
against a strong and despotic power.
They have been obliged to resort to
guerrilla warfare—the war of attack
and retreat and reattack, as the chair-
man of the committee so aptly stated
yesterday. They have been guerrillas,
not bandits. The latter attack only
for plunder, but the Cuban insurgent
have had a high and noble purpose—the
liberation of their country, and
though their destruction of property
has been great, it has its justification
in the fact that only by destroying the
cane crops and thus impairing the
revenue of the Spanish Government
can its efficiency in suppressing the
rebellion be impaired. But the war so
conducted has been effective. An or-
ganized government has been created
which now wields its power in three-
fourths of that island; and the cap-
tain-General of the Spanish forces has
declared that he will at least require
at least two years more to suppress the
rebellion. I take it, then, that there
is existing in Cuba a condition of
affairs which justifies us in asserting
that there is a state of public war and
that the insurgents are entitled to be-
liever rights.

The next object urged is that Spain
is a friendly nation and friendship re-
quires that we should not intervene in
a difficulty between a friendly nation
and her colonies. International law is
appealed to. But that law is not a
rule of action which can be enforced
by any tribunal. It is a code of eti-
quette between nations. And what
does that code of etiquette require?
Why, simply that nations should bear
toward each other the general friend-
liness and courtesy which individuals
in organized society entertain, but
whenever a nation, like an individual,
puts itself in a position where it is
chargeable with the repudiation of the
obligations of honor and with acts of
perfidy and cruelty, then the friend-
ship may well cease in the case of a
nation, just as in the case of an indi-
vidual.

Nations are not really friendly to
each other. They are simply either at
peace or war with each other. War
necessarily implies enmity. Peace
does not necessarily involve friendship.
And I take it that a great and power-
ful nation like the United States, the
greatest and most powerful nation in
this part of the world, has a certain
duty to perform to other nations, just
as every individual in our social orga-
nization has a duty to perform to other
individuals, and this duty is the higher
and the stronger in proportion to the
power and strength of the individual
or nation. I take it, then, that just as
the powerful nations of Europe have
felt that they had the right again and
again to interfere in the affairs of Tur-
key for the purpose of securing to a
people cruelly oppressed and downtrodden
a certain protection, a protection
which we have demanded in behalf
of those people in certain resolutions re-
cently passed, an equal obligation is
imposed upon the most powerful na-
tion on this side of the world to pro-
tect a country that lies at our very
doors against perfidy, cruelty and op-
pression, for it should be remembered
that the ten years' rebellion, from 1868
to 1878, was only ended upon certain
guarantees of autonomy and represen-
tative government made by the Span-
ish Government—guarantees which
were repudiated when peace was re-
stored—and that Spain's perfidy lit the
flame of a new rebellion.

In these resolutions what do we do?
We simply express the opinion of the
two Houses of Congress that Cuba is
entitled to belligerent rights and that
the friendly offices of this government
should be used to insure the recognition
of free Cuba. We have extended the
hand clothed in velvet, but it should
be understood that under the glove of
velvet is concealed the hand of iron
which will ultimately by vigorous action
break the bonds which hold an

outraged colony to a perfidious, cruel
and despotic Government.

I think this country has a duty to
perform besides a duty to its own peo-
ple. We have not the right to pursue
the policy of selfish exclusion any more
than an individual has in organized so-
ciety. I think we have a duty to per-
form to all the republics of this conti-
nent that now, with the exception of
Mexico, cast disgrace upon the very
name of republicanism. Instead of
maintaining the policy of selfish exclu-
sion which we have maintained for
years, saying to the great powers of Eu-
rope, and particularly to England,
"Hands Off! we will not permit you to
extend to these countries the govern-
ment of law and order," we have a cer-
tain duty to discharge to humanity and
to civilization in seeing that those coun-
tries are no longer dedicated to disorder
and violence. There is a certain
duty as protector that devolves upon
the people of this country with refer-
ence to the nations on this continent.
It should be exercised through the Pan-
American Congress—through treaty re-
lations for mutual cooperation and sup-
port—by all the moral influence which
a great nation can exercise in its com-
munion with weaker powers, and, if
necessary, when civil war, anarchy, and
mutual despotism, by an armed inter-
vention, commanding order and good
government.

Now, of course, we all understand
that the people of the Latin race are
not so well fitted as those of the Anglo-
Saxon race for free government. We
through generations and through cen-
turies have had a training for freedom
—in our trial by jury, in our legislative
system, and by all the machinery of
our forms of government—so that it
may be said that the republic of Amer-
ica was the very evolution of the edu-
cation of the ages. The Latin race has
not been prepared for such an evolu-
tion. Yet must we say that the colony
of this European despotism must be
kept always under the heel of the op-
pressor because its people are not fitted
for self government. Shall we keep
people in darkness in order to train
them for the light? I apprehend that
the very fact that disorder and violence
exist in the Central American and
South American Republics, that the
Latin race is ill fitted for free govern-
ment, is no objection to a bold and de-
cided stand on the part of this country
in favor of the independence of Cuba,
for I claim that the very first step in
the evolution of liberty is to break the
shackles that bind a dependent colony
to a despotic country.

So from every point of view my
judgment is that we should take a firm
self-reliant, and powerful position with
reference to this entire continent—
with reference to the Central American
and the South American Republics,
and with reference to dependent colo-
nies suffering under oppression and
cruelty. In that view, regardless of
the talk about the friendship which
should exist between nations and the
etiquette that should control friendly
nations in their dealings with each
other, I say that some duty devolves
upon us toward civilization and hu-
manity and human liberty, and this
duty is best discharged by prompt and
vigorous action with reference to this
struggling country at our very doors.
[Here the hammer fell.]

WAR NEWS.

Great excitement prevailed at the
National Capitol yesterday in anticipa-
tion of the action of Congress on the
report of the Committee on Foreign
Relations.

The Navy Department was officially
notified that the Spanish Government
had taken possession of the Havana
and Spanish cable to Santiago de Cuba,
United States naval officials urged that
the cable be cut immediately.

The resolution reported in the Sen-
ate declares that Cuba shall be free
and independent and demands that
Spain immediately withdraw her forces
and provides for all the land and naval
forces of the United States to be used
to drive them off the island if neces-
sary.

It is generally believed at the Na-
tional Capitol that the Cuban resolu-
tion reported by the Senate amounts
to a declaration of war. The majority
report of the House Committee was
identical with that of the Senate. The
reports, both majority and minority
were submitted amidst great excite-
ment. Twenty minutes of debate was
allowed on each side.

A substitute resolution by the Dem-
ocrats was defeated. Dinsmore moved
to recommit the majority resolution.
The motion was defeated by a vote of
100 to 145.

An evening session was held and the
majority resolution was adopted by a
vote of 324 ayes against 20 nays. The
cheering and excitement was intense
and the House immediately adjourned.

A meeting of the Spanish Cabinet
was called at Madrid in extraordinary
session yesterday morning. It was de-
cided that President McKinley's mes-
sage was presumptuous. A royal de-
cree has been issued ordering war sub-
scriptions and money to be set apart
for defense.

Spanish officials say the Spanish
Government is not called upon to act
until McKinley's recommendations are
approved by Congress. McKinley's
policy was declared incompatible with
the sovereignty and rights of Spain
that the United States must not inter-
fere with Cuba or Spain's right to deal
with Cuba as she sees fit.

It is reported that the flying squad-
ron in Hampton Roads has received
sealed orders to be opened at sea, also
orders to sail.

Old newspapers for sale at JOURNAL
office.

For the Cuban Relief Fund.
The following contributions for the
Cuban Relief Fund have thus far been
received:

Mr. D. Powell	1 00
Mr. S. Emerich	1 00
Miss Irene Duffy	1 00
Mrs. Lola Dunkel	50
Hazel Larcomb	50
Mabel Larcomb	50
Ethel Webster	50
Clarke Webster	50
Myrtle Gordon	10
Maudie Smith	25
Julius Parry	10
Lawrence Hodgkinson	10
Francis Hodgkinson	10
Bee Bray	65
Mildred Bray	50
Aletta Carpenter	25
Erral Carpenter	25
Lizzie Willis	25
Juanita Jones	25
Henry McCormack	15
Mrs. Beebe	1 00
Cedric Beebe	25
Harvey Payne	25
Sadie Winters	25
Nettie Winters	25
Johnny Block	25
Freddy Block	25
Harold Block	25
Dollie Haydon	50
Thos. E. Haydon	1 00
Harry Noyes	25

FROM GLENDALE SCHOOL.

Miss Kate F. Kinney	1 00
May Little	10
Madge Little	10
Nellie Kiely	10
Walter Ulyatt	10
Alvin Rice	10
Hatta White	50
Vera Hasch	10
Vera Ross	25
Silas Ross	25
May Curnow	10
George Curnow	25
Lelah White	10
Floyd White	05
Matie Kiely	10
Robbie Kiely	10
Riley Rice	10
Christian Nelson	20
Hannah Nelson	20
August Nelson	20

It is an ill-wind that blows nobody
good. One big benefit the cattle indus-
try would receive from a war with Spain
is a job of restocking Cuba with cattle.
Mexico has been getting the larger part
of this business so far, but with Uncle
Sam in possession of the island the
United States would naturally get this
business. The cattle would come
from Texas and the southwest, and
would be shipped from the Gulf ports
direct to Cuba. There would be a
demand for several hundred thousands
of cattle, but this country could furnish
them without trouble.—Denver Stock-
man.

1,000 Dozen Eggs Wanted.
I want 1,000 dozen fresh eggs, for which I
will pay the market price.
J. A. ZIEGLER,
Reno, Nev.
ap11tf

Miss Claire Dickinson.
(Successor to Chas. Lake.)

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FOR KITCHEN GARDEN,
FOR FLOWER GARDEN.
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Boiled Oil,
Yellow Ochre,
Turpentine, Etc.
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A FEW SACKS OF CHOICE AUS-
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ed with horses, hand cleaned; every
seed will grow.

Fine Barn Hay.

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Repacked. Every apple perfect to-day,
75 cents per box f. o. b. cars Reno,
Washoe county, Nevada, America.

The Finest Bred
Road Horse in this State, and the
finest specimen of a road horse in this
State, six years old, dapple brown,
black points, fine condition, weight
eleven hundred and fifty pounds; price
\$100.

One Fine Norfolk
Horse, 1150 pounds, gray, will work
single or double, or in saddle. A
horse of great endurance. \$50.

One Thoroughbred
Saddle Mare, 875 pounds, bay, perfectly
gentle and in perfect condition. \$15.

80 Acres of Town
Lots for sale, single lots, block or the
whole batch. The finest garden land
in Nevada, water with the land; one
hundred rods from the University of
Nevada; eighty rods from the S. P. Co.
C. P. depot, Reno, Washoe county, Ne-
vada, America.

B. F. Leete,

SUNDERLAND'S



Mammoth
Store

Clothing and Furnishing
Goods Department.

FULL LINE FOR BOYS AND MEN

Men's suits from \$5 upwards. Boy's suits
ages 12 to 18 years from \$5 upwards,
From 10 to 14 years, \$4 and
upwards; Children's suits
from \$1.25 upwards.

HATS AND CAPS OF ALL
DESCRIPTIONS.

Furnishing Goods in all
qualities, from \$1 per suit up-
wards.

Neckwear, Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders and all Novelties in
Gent's Wear.

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Clothier.

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MENS AND BOYS' CLOTHING AT COST.

Men's Blue and Black Diamond \$10
SuitsMen's All Wool Underwear per \$2 00
Suit

All My Fall and Winter Stock

MUST BE SOLD AT COST,

To Make Room for My Immense Spring and Summer Stock to
Arrive from the East.

Everything in my Line at Bedrock Prices.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

SAY

Look Again At Some
of my Prices.

Men's and boy's Golf Shirt from..... \$.50 upward.

" laundered white shirts from..... .50 "

" and boy's underwear from..... .50 "

Children's shoes from..... .50 "

Men's fine shoes from..... 1 .20 "

" straight brimmed fedoras from..... 1 .25 "

" extra fine socks..... .05 "

Ox Breeches (positively guaranteed not to
rip) at 1 .00 "

Men's Dress suits from..... 4 .00 "

Also trunks and Valises.

I am sole Agent for the Finest and Fanciest Children's

Clothing in the Market.

H. LETER,

Bon Ton Tailor,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.



Heat and Fuel Savers.

How long are you going
to "get along" with that old cookstove
that burns more fuel than a furnace
and heats the outdoors more than it
does the oven?

A very little money will buy one of
our cookstoves—you'll save the price
in fuel in one season. It will keep the
heat where it ought to be, and cook
your food as it ought to be cooked—
Come in and examine them.

NEVADA HARDWARE AND SUPPLY CO., VIRGINIA
STREET.

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BIDS FOR MUNICIPAL BONDS WANTED.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF THAT certain Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada entitled "An Act to Incorporate the Town of Reno," approved March 8, 1897, and of an affirmative vote of the electors of the City of Reno at a special election held on the 7th of October, 1897, written bids are invited and will be received—until
April 11, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M.,
Of said day for the purchase of the bonds of the City of Reno in the sum of \$150,000, or any part thereof, not less than the sum of \$500, to be known and designated as "Reno Water Works Bonds." Also for the purchase of the bonds of the City of Reno in the further sum of \$20,000, or any part thereof, not less than the sum of \$500, to be known as and designated as "Reno Electric Light Bonds." All of said bonds to bear interest at the rate of six per cent, payable annually. The principal of said bonds to mature and be payable in equal annual installments between and including the sixth and twentieth years from their date of issuance and the date of the said payments to be designated upon the face of the said bonds. Both the principal and the interest of the said bonds to be payable at maturity in lawful money of the United States of America at the office of the Treasurer of the City of Reno at Reno, Nevada. No bids for the said bonds or any thereof will be considered if for less than the par value thereof or if for a less amount than the sum of \$500, and the right is expressly reserved to reject any and all bids. The constitutionality of the above mentioned Act of the Legislature and the regularity and the legality of the above mentioned special election have been sustained by a comprehensive decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, a copy of which together with other pertinent information will be furnished to prospective bidders upon application therefore being made to the City Clerk. Bidders should designate in their respective bids the redemption year of the bonds for which they bid. All bids must be sealed, endorsed, "Bids for Reno Bonds," and directed to F. B. Porter, City Clerk, Reno, Nevada.
R. S. OSBURN, President City Council.
Attest: F. B. PORTER, City Clerk. 3-9td

STATEMENT FOR THE INFORMATION OF PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF RENO WATER WORKS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT BONDS.

THE CITY OF RENO WAS INCORPORATED by a special Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, approved March 8, 1897. It is the largest city on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad between Sacramento, California, and Ogden, Utah, has had a steady and continuous growth ever since its inception and is situated in the midst of the richest agricultural and stock raising country between the Sierra Nevada and the Rocky mountains. Its resources are agricultural and pastoral rather than those of mines. It is the terminus of the V. & T. R. R. extending south with its connection three hundred and fifty miles, and also of the N. C. & O. R. R. extending north eighty miles. It is the seat of the State University, of the State Hospital for Mental Diseases, and of the State Agricultural Society. At the general election of 1896 it cast 1300 votes and its present estimated population is 6,500. Its assessed valuation in the year 1897 was the sum of \$1,745,890 which was upon a low and very conservative basis of valuation. Its total bonded indebtedness from all sources is \$45,000. The total rate of taxation in the year 1897 for State, county, and local purposes was \$2.87 on each one hundred dollars valuation. By its Incorporation Act the City is authorized, subject to an affirmative vote of its electors to issue its bonds in a sum not exceeding \$150,000 for procuring water and constructing municipal water works, and in a necessary sum for constructing municipal electric light works. A special election was called by the City Council for October 7, 1897 at which election the electors of the city voted in favor of bonding the city in the sum of \$130,000 for municipal water works and in the sum of \$20,000 for a municipal electric light plant by a vote of 409 in favor of and 130 against. In December 1897 an action in *quo warranto* was instituted in the Supreme Court of Nevada by Mr. A. G. Fletcher in which the constitutionality of the Incorporation Act was assailed upon twelve distinct grounds, and also in which the legality, regularity, and sufficiency of the special election held on October 7, 1897, was questioned. On the 23rd day of February 1898, the Supreme Court of Nevada filed its unanimous opinion in the action in which it sustained the constitutionality of the Incorporation Act, and the legality, regularity, and the sufficiency of the special election, in each and every particular. The City Council is authorized by law to raise the necessary funds with which to meet the bond interest charges and to liquidate the principal by either direct taxation of all property or by water and light charges against users or by both.
R. S. OSBURN, President City Council.
Attest: F. B. PORTER, City Clerk.
Reno, Nevada, March 7, 1898 3-9td

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

STATE LAND OFFICE,
CARSON CITY, NEV., February 15, 1898.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE State of Nevada, under the Act of Congress approved June 16, 1896 (24 Stat. 257), has filed in the United States Land Office at Carson City, Nevada, under No. 218 of land selected under said act, and has applied for a patent for said lands; that a part of said land is open to the public for inspection, and a copy thereof, by descriptive subdivisions, has been posted in a convenient place in said U. S. Land Office and in the office of the U. S. State Engineer at Carson City, Nevada, for the inspection of all persons interested and the public generally.
Within the next sixty days following the date of this notice protests or contentions against the claim of said State of Nevada, or any tract or sub-division described in the notice, on the ground that the same is more valuable for mineral than for agricultural purposes, will be received and noted by the U. S. State Engineer at Carson City, Nevada, for report to the General Land Office at Washington, D. C.
The following are the subdivisions described to-wit:
T. 11 N., R. 10 E., S. 10, and S. 11, Sec. 10, T. 11 N., R. 10 E., S. 10, and S. 11, Sec. 10, T. 11 N., R. 10 E., S. 10, and S. 11, Sec. 10.
A. C. PRATT,
State Land Register of the State of Nevada,
State of first insertion, February 17, 1898.
10w

PROBATE OF WILL.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe.
In the Matter of the Estate of William E. Price, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that Albert E. Price, having filed in this Court a petition praying for probate of the will of William E. Price, deceased, the hearing of the same has been fixed by said Court for Saturday, the 22nd day of April, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court House, in the County of Washoe; and all persons interested in the said estate are notified then and there to appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted and letters be issued as prayed for.
P. B. PORTER, Clerk.
Dated April 11, A. D. 1898.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe.
The State of Nevada sends to Anna Eliza Barnes, widow, Frances Emily Cornelison, formerly Barnes, Jennie C. Austin, formerly Barnes, Ella Florence Laws, formerly Barnes, Eva V. Barnes, Etta V. Barnes, Josephine M. Barnes and Frank A. Barnes, Greeting:—
You are hereby required to appear in an action commenced against you as defendants by Andrew Benson as plaintiff in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this Summons (exclusive of day of service), if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but within said District, and in all other cases forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. The action is brought to recover against you and each of you an order and decree of foreclosure and sale of the following mentioned and described real property to-wit: All those certain lots or parcels of land situated in the town of Reno, county of Washoe and State of Nevada, known as and described as lots ten, eleven and twelve in Block "F" as designated upon the official "map" of said town of Reno, together fronting 150 feet on the west line of Sierra street with a depth westerly of the same width of 140 feet to an alley, and bounded on the south by an alley, and upon which lots is situated the structure known as Golden Eagle Hotel, and upon such order being made—that it then be ordered and decreed by the Court—that from the proceeds of a sale of said property that the costs of foreclosure and sale be paid, and an attorney's fee to the sum of \$150 and such other expenses as may accrue from a sale of said property, and after payment of costs and expenses of sale that the sum of the note mentioned in the complaint and the interest thereon accrued be paid to the sum of \$5,271.71-100/100 moneys paid as taxes to the sum of \$164.31-100 be paid from the remaining proceeds arising upon a sale of said property. Also that Henry Orr, and John Doe, whose real name is unknown to plaintiff, be made defendants, and that they and each of them by answer exhibit any claim or demand they or either of them may have upon said property, and that defendants be foreclosed from any equity of redemption they or any of them may have in and to said property or any of it except as provided by law.
All of which will more fully appear from the Complaint, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at Reno, in said county, and to which you are especially referred. And you are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand at Reno, this eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1898.
W. WEBSTER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe.
The State of Nevada sends to Giovanni Rossi, greeting: You are hereby required to appear in an action commenced against you as defendant by Charles L. Knox as plaintiff in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this Summons (exclusive of day of service), if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but within said District, and in all other cases forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you and your heirs, assigns, and assigns, and after payment of costs and expenses of sale that the sum of the note mentioned in the complaint and the interest thereon accrued be paid to the sum of \$5,271.71-100/100 moneys paid as taxes to the sum of \$164.31-100 be paid from the remaining proceeds arising upon a sale of said property. Also that Henry Orr, and John Doe, whose real name is unknown to plaintiff, be made defendants, and that they and each of them by answer exhibit any claim or demand they or either of them may have upon said property, and that defendants be foreclosed from any equity of redemption they or any of them may have in and to said property or any of it except as provided by law.
All of which will more fully appear from the Complaint, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at Reno, in said county, and to which you are especially referred. And you are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand at Reno, this eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1898.
F. B. PORTER, Clerk of the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe County.
FRANK H. NORCROSS, Attorney.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for Washoe county. The State of Nevada sends to C. M. Willey Greeting:—
You are hereby required to appear in an action commenced against you as defendant by George E. Willey as plaintiff in the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this Summons (exclusive of day of service), if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but within said District, and in all other cases forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you and your heirs, assigns, and assigns, and after payment of costs and expenses of sale that the sum of the note mentioned in the complaint and the interest thereon accrued be paid to the sum of \$5,271.71-100/100 moneys paid as taxes to the sum of \$164.31-100 be paid from the remaining proceeds arising upon a sale of said property. Also that Henry Orr, and John Doe, whose real name is unknown to plaintiff, be made defendants, and that they and each of them by answer exhibit any claim or demand they or either of them may have upon said property, and that defendants be foreclosed from any equity of redemption they or any of them may have in and to said property or any of it except as provided by law.
All of which will more fully appear from the Complaint, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at Reno, in said county, and to which you are especially referred. And you are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, at Reno, this first day of March, A. D. 1898.
F. B. PORTER, Clerk of the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe County.
By J. A. BUNHAM, Deputy.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE UNION DITCH COMPANY, business Reno, Nevada.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the Union Ditch Company, held at their office in Reno, Nevada, on Saturday, March 15, 1898, an assessment (No. 15) of one (\$1) dollar per share (or acre of land) was levied upon the capital stock of the company, payable at once to the Treasurer of the company, the bank of Nevada, at its office in Reno, Nevada, and that the assessment shall remain unpaid on
Thursday, April 21st, 1898,
Shall be deemed delinquent, and will be advertised and sold at public auction to pay such assessed amount, cost of advertising and expense of sale; provided, however, that land drawn out of the stock of the company, not repaid in stock, shall pay pro rata one (\$1) dollar per acre.
By order of the Board of Trustees,
R. B. KIRBY, President.
W. H. NOYES, Secretary.
Reno, Nevada, March 14, 1898.

Friday His Lucky Day.

"I've quit her," said Gritty as he smoked a good night cigar with his chum. "It's all off. Henceforth it will be like the memory of a dream; what the novelists call a passing romance."
"But I thought you were engaged?"
"So we were. I had seven warm encounters with the old gentleman before I gained his consent. She wears my ring, and I'm paying for it on the installment plan."
"What's gone wrong, then?"
"It's her superstition. She's bright and cultured, but she's the most superstitious girl that ever came within my experience. I wouldn't believe it, you know; couldn't at first. I proposed to her on Friday. A fellow in love is lucky to know the year, to say nothing of the day of the week. Nothing must do but we break off so as to escape the bad luck. We happened to make this shift on the 18th, and I'll be blown if we didn't have to break off again in order to kill down the hoodoo. Yes, sir, engaged three times and never had a quarrel. It breaks the record."
"We never started any place yet that she didn't forget something. Do you know that girl would always go to the end of a block before she would turn back? Did it every pop; all superstition. I raked up my whole pile to take her to the musical event of the season. Passing into the theater she stubbed her toe. That settled it. She must get right home to avoid a catastrophe. Had to hire a coupe and the driver carries my watch yet."
"I looked my record up and got word to her that I was born on Friday, in the dark of the moon, and with an unlucky star in the ascendant. She promptly called the engagement off, and that's what I was after."—Detroit Free Press.

Hiaduo Cruelty.

The correspondent who sends the following to the Calcutta Asian states that his information came to him on unimpeachable authority. During a royal hunt in one of the Rajpoot states an exceptionally fine tiger was caught—netted, no doubt—and lured into a cage. His captors then proceeded to noose his feet and draw them through holes bored in the floor of the cage, and a blacksmith was directed to draw his claws. The tiger's legs having been secured by ropes, the royal sportsmen had a sliding door in the cage opened, and when the captive put his head out they shut the door down on his neck while the blacksmith, with mallet and chisel, broke off his teeth. Preparations were concluded by muzzling the poor brute with strong wire in some inhuman fashion. The tiger was then released, to be baited by dogs, and, despite his maimed condition, he killed several before the "sportsmen" wearied of the game and shot him.
If this story is true, and the information is said to have come from an eyewitness—and there is nothing impossible in the crippling part of the business—one would dearly like to take each of those Rajpoot royalties in turn and read him a lesson with a cutting whip.—London Sketch.

The Long Journey.

In a certain township not many miles from Cleveland the good man of a local household was laid away in the little churchyard on the hill. After the funeral the relatives, both near and distant, returned to the family home, and the officiating pastor came with them. There they enjoyed a good dinner and afterward gathered in the best room for social converse.
Naturally their talk turned upon the serious event of the day, and presently the good pastor, drawing a deep sigh, solemnly remarked:
"Well, our departed brother has gone a long journey."
There was a brief silence, and then a cousin of the deceased, a fussy little woman with an intense desire to bear a share in the conversation, suddenly remarked in a tone of profound wisdom:
"Well, you know, brother, that they all say that travel is such an educator!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Stroke of Diplomacy.

Applicant—I have called to ask you, madam, to use your influence on my behalf. I am an applicant for a position in your husband's private office, but I have one dangerous rival. He seems to prefer—
Madam (interrupting)—I'm sorry, sir, but I never interfere with my husband's business.
Applicant—If I were as pretty as she is, I might—
Madam—She?
Applicant—Yes, madam. My competitor is a most bewitching girl.
Madam—Just call tomorrow, sir, and I will have the position for you.—Strand Magazine.

Kentucky Fisherman.

"I am a tender hearted man," said Colonel Stillwell, "and as a rule I don't care much for sport, but there is one exception to my rule—I enjoy fishing."
"Doesn't it seem rather cruel to you?"
"No, sub. When I think of saving those creatures from having to pass a lifetime in all that water, I regard myself as a benefactor, sub, and a humanitarian."—Washington Star.

Nothing Like Fraise.

Jack—I'll tell you what's the matter, George; you don't praise your wife enough. Even if things don't go right there's no use growling. Praise her efforts to please whether they are successful or not. Women like praise, and love of it.
George—All right. I'll remember it.
George (at dinner, same day)—My dear, this steak pie is just lovely. It is delicious—ever so much better than those my mother used to make. She couldn't equal that pie if she tried for a month.
George's Wife—You made fun of every pie I ever made, and now—
George—But this is lovely.
George's Wife—That came from the baker's.—Strand Magazine.



EXTRA!
PIPER HEIDSIECK
PLUG TOBACCO
(CHAMPAGNE FLAVOR)

INCREASED IN SIZE 40%
The picture shows the exact increase that has been added to the 5-cent piece. No increase in price.
The biggest bargain in tobacco to-day is one of these new pieces of PIPER HEIDSIECK. Try one.

FRESH

Garden and Flower SEEDS
—AT—

HODGKINSON'S DRUGSTORE,
Virginia Street.

L. D. FOLSOM,
One Price Cash Grocery Store.
Has now on Hand About
700 CORDS OF PINE WOOD
Strictly Dry and First-Class.
FULL MEASURE.
That he will sell in lots to suitat \$4 50
Cash per Cord Delivered.

Harry Brothers
—Sole Agents for the celebrated—

JOHN WIELAND'S EXTRA PALE BEER
AND PORTER ON DRAUGHT
OR BY THE KEG.

The most modern bottling Machinery has been put in and our works are now equipped as well, if not better, than any bottling plant on the Pacific Coast.
Family Trade is Especially Solicited
Try a keg or bottle and you will forever use it. No other beer can touch it.

C. NOVACOVICH,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Staple and Fancy Groceries, Vegetable
Green and Dried Fruits, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware
Tobacco, Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
All the novelties in Fancy Groceries No need to send away for goods Cash, trade rolled and satisfaction guaranteed.

BREVITIES.

E. F. Leete is a candidate for a Senator of the United States from the State of Nevada, United States of America.

What good has reducing the volume of standard money done?
B. F. LEETE.

Spray pumps at Lange and Schmitts.
Pruning tools and poultry netting at Lange and Schmitts.

Paints and oils, mixed and plain at Lange and Schmitts.

Mr. and Mrs. Wintermantel of Elko are visiting in Reno.

Garden tools, garden hose, cheaper than ever at Lange and Schmitts.

Garden tools, poultry netting, paint and plumbing at Lange & Schmitts. Refrigerators, ice cream freezers, the best and cheapest at Lange & Schmitts.

Agate and granite were reduced to the price of tin ware at Lange & Schmitts.

For fishing tackle of all descriptions, lines, hooks and snells. Poles and baskets at Lange & Schmitts.

Don't buy a new baby buggy, but get the old one repaired as good as new and in the latest style at the Bamboo store.

The Palace Hotel is one of the most popular hostelrys on the Central Pacific line. Accommodations first class and rates reasonable.

Universal stoves, ranges and steel ranges, the cheapest and best Lange & Schmitt sole agents for ten years over 400 in use in Reno.

Fred and Pete will have Anheuser-Busch lager and beer on draught at the Monarch as usual. Finest billiard and pool tables in town.

A short order meal, cold lunch or substantial dinner can be had at the Washoe lunch counter at a moderate price. Only a half block from the depot.

Miss Gibbs has a most complete line of sailors from the cheap 25-cent grade for school wear to the elegant high-priced goods for nobby street costumes.

Coffin & Larcombe of this city are being thanked and prayed for at the Orphans' Home at Carson, as they kindly sent two boxes of oranges to the little ones.

Thyses' new show light is a great attraction in the evening, but his graphophone concerts every night are greater. Over one hundred new and popular pieces.

Genesey & Savage has just received direct from the factory, this years goods, a quantity of water hose and fixtures they are making a specialty of. Call and leave your orders.

E. C. Snyder of the Elko Argonaut was tried on a charge of criminal libel preferred by W. W. Booser of the Independent at Elko last Saturday and was bound over to appear before the Grand Jury.

The thanks of the JOURNAL are due Senator Stewart for a copy of the message of the President transmitting the report of the Naval Court of Inquiry upon the destruction of the Maine, with the testimony taken before the Court.

The Spring opening of Miss Gibbs' Millinery Parlors will occur on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 31st and April 1st and 2nd, when an elegant display of fine millinery will be submitted to the ladies of Reno. All invited. Souvenirs.

The great sales of the Anheuser-Busch lager and beer is the best evidence of its popularity as a beverage. Its sales last year far exceeded any brewery in the world. The Monarch will have the beer on draught on and after the 15th inst.

Mrs. H. M. Clemons of Virginia, Deputy Grand Matron of the Order of Eastern Star, has just returned from the eastern part of the State where she has been making official visits on different Chapters. She will visit friends in Reno for several days.

F. M. Boughton of the Bamboo store has just completed a bamboo bedstead on an order. He will have the same on exhibition at his store until next Wednesday and parties may examine it and be convinced that it is just as strong and durable as any other.

Fred Morrill is prepared to repair bicycles and furnish extras of all descriptions. His shop is located at E. A. Morrill's harness shop, New Investment Building, Second street. Rambler and Ideal bicycles a specialty. Rambler, 1897 model, \$50; 1898 model \$60.

A. Nelson is constantly replenishing his stock. Special or clearance sales are not his method. His prices are always at the closest margin on his stock of hats, caps, underwear in various grades, overalls, jumpers, gloves and a general assortment of men's goods. Also a complete line of smoker's articles including a line of cigars and tobaccos, equal to many wholesale houses. In fact he does a general jobbing business in this line and sells to the trade. In the line of novelties pocket cutlery and many handy and necessary articles, Nelson is hard to beat. Free employment office at 111-tore, Virginia street, Reno.

AN EASTER SERMON.

Delivered Before the Sir Knights of De Witt Clinton Commandery by Sir Knight, and Rev. S. Unsworth.

"Brethren, my heart's desire and prayer to God for Israel is, that they might be saved."—Romans X, 1.

Eminent Commander and Sir Knights of De Witt Clinton Commandery:—In my own name, and in behalf of this congregation, another asylum of Christian Knights, I bid you, and most heartily bid you, welcome.

We are all Knights together—churchmen no less—churchmen, I believe, more than any beside, for a Knight is, first and before all else, a soldier, a fighting man, the Latin miles, and a Christian Knight is a soldier and fighting man who serves and fights in the name and strength of Jesus Christ. Now churchmen are all of that, men under vows of service. As an illustration of such an obligation taken, such a vow assumed. Consider the promises made at the time of Holy Baptism, the Christian's initiation into the church, when he, too, is signed with the sign of the cross, "in token that hereafter he shall not be ashamed to confess the faith of Christ crucified, and manfully to fight under His banner against sin, the world and the devil, and continue Christ's faithful soldier and servant unto his life's end."

Now, Sir Knights, there is many a bond of union, beside, between the Church's, Knights and the Commandery, so many, that when I was accounted worthy of reception, and received so heartily a welcome, within the bosom of that order, founded upon the Christian religion and the practice of the Christian virtues, it was like the "welcome home." Before, my Masonic journey had been, indeed, a pilgrimage. A travelling, of course, further and further toward the east, the seat and source of light, but still a pilgrimage. I had been, more or less, a stranger in a foreign land, hearing, indeed, came words of the old familiar speech, and those among The grandest and the highest words that told of high morality and firm integrity and brotherly love, but, never-the-less, the tenderest and most sacred and most inspiring of all words, to me, were necessarily wanting in those lower degrees of Free Masonry which welcome and strive to benefit all good men whatever, who acknowledge a Supreme Ruler of the world.

Among other lofty teachings, brethren, of our Blue Lodge, I may allude to four fundamental doctrines of our Masonic faith which I was delighted to find, not only recognized, but insisted upon and diligently inculcated. The first is that *sine quo non* that looks every atheist outside the lodge room. No single step can be taken without explicit confession of faith in God, and that God confessed is one. It is the echo of the old Hebrew monotheism, "Hear, O Israel, the Lord, our God, is our Lord." We are wont most frequently to speak of Him as "the Supreme Architect of the Universe," thereby acknowledging not only His unity but his wisdom, anticipating that grand deduction of science that has crystallized in the word Cosmo, and the phrase "unity of nature." The order is, and the unity is, because the mind ordering and unifying is one and supreme. This is the foundation fact, and we stand and build upon it. Thank God for that much.

The second doctrine was that of prayer. The ordinary mind is personal. He that formed the ear hears. He is not less—however, He may transcend—the highest creatures He has made. Prayer is inculcated and insisted on; at two supreme moments, especially of our course, we are required to recognize and acknowledge the need and efficiency of prayer, and are expressly taught that no important undertaking should be entered upon without the light, the strength, the confidence of prayer. We may deny the faith in our lives, as Christians deny it in theirs. If we do, we do it, not because of the lodges' teaching. We are inconsistent Masons, we sin against the light.

The third doctrine, like the second, is a corollary from the first the Supreme not only knows and hears, but speaks. He reveals His mind and will not only in Nature, with its order, adaptations and signs of purpose, but also in a written word, which is spoken of as the Great Light of Masonry, and treated with especial reverence as "the inestimable gift of God to man." We are taught to scan it as a mariner scans his chart and every light interpretation and illustrative of it as welcomed and placed round it. Its teachings are embodied in our symbolism—the cheer of its light falls on every step of our way—we ought to be, brethren, for we are taught to be, men of the Book.

Immortality is the fourth doctrine we do well to hold up to men in a world that, at best, has many cares, many sorrows and the great, the inevitable sorrow. The sunken time comes to all, when ties are loosed, perforce, when "one is taken and the other left," and the only word that rises to the lip and looks from the sad, uplifted eye is "Now, Lord, what is my hope?" It is a blessed office that any man or body of men has then, to speak the comforting word of a confident faith in an immortal life, to direct the eye to "the hills, whence cometh help." This office is ours. Our faith is clear on this subject also. There is no peradventure in it. It is firm, positive, dogmatic. Cato, shut up in Utica by Caesar, moved his hand to end his soul loose from her moorings and send her forth in quest of that immortal life by reading Plato's Phaedo. After pondering its arguments for immortality during the night, he is pictured, toward morning pacing to and fro in his room and saying: "It must be so, Plato, thou reasonest well. Else whence this phrasing hope, this fond desire; This longing after immortality?" We have no speculative, "It must be

so," but the positive "It is" of God's own word. This we offer to the mourner when his heart is lonely in its longing for the "vanished hand" and "voice that is still."

Brethren, let us thank God for this comfort giving faith. To-day it must appeal most strongly to you, for you are missing from your midst, one, Sir Knight Ford, who has always for many, many years, been with you on all such occasions. He had made, I am told all preparations and was looking forward, with his old zeal, to being here to-day, but the Masters sudden summons came and the Easter message we believe, is given to him where, for the first time, it is fully understood. "Be ye also ready."

Having all this priceless truth, and teaching it in most impressive manner, our Blue Lodge Masonry cannot but be helpful to men. All our members must feel in their hearts and say with their lips: "It is good for us to be here." Still, as I said, there are needs rarely missed by an earnest Christian man many a tender word, many a comforting and inspiring doctrine which he does not retain until he becomes a Knight Templar. To a Christian no place can be home, of course, where Christ is not, whatever else of good is there beside, and so I spoke of my reception into the Commandery as a "welcome home." Strictly speaking, however, this, my welcome to you to this house of God, is really the "welcome home"—the Church is the mother asylum. She was the nurse of our elder brethren who founded our Order; she sent them forth, cheered them on the way, gave them her blessing. She, too, was the Exemplar of much of our impressive symbolism. Churchmen and Masons have much in common—we are not strangers and foreigners, but, in our several measures of degree, of the one household of faith. The founders of our Christian Order of Knighthood have left many a token that they were not only Christians but Churchmen—Churchmen, if not in absolute communion with the Church in the bonds of an external fellowship. Churchmen, at least, in knowledge and appreciation of the Church's liturgy, her rites and ceremonies, and in sympathy with her methods of impressing truth upon the mind by symbolic representation. The Church has ever appealed to the eye as well as the mind, to the imagination as well as the reason. Free Masonry wasn't the first and isn't now the only body teaching "truth clothed in symbolism"—the only Society protesting against an ultra spiritualism and a Quaker-like suppression of the aesthetic in man.

We have much in common—thank God for it. I would that we had more, and the belief that we ought to have, and the hope that we may, prompt me to speak the earnest and affectionate word that is to follow. My duty, both as God's priest and member of the Commandery, urges me to say this word. Of all the knightly virtues enjoined upon us none is enrolled in higher place than truth. Compared with the three things of greatest earthly might which we are wont to compare with it and to discuss in relation to it, "it hath the preeminence." *Magna est veritas et praevalabit.* The speaking to a brother of the faithful word, as contrasted with the flattering or pleasing one, this you have taught me is in the straight line of knightly duty, therefore I have your pledge to bear with me while I say to everyone of you the earnest word of a faithful love. To me, the Commandery is the necessary complement of the Blue Lodge and the Chapter, but the Commandery itself is not complete. It is but a further stage in a steadily consistent course. There is a necessary complement to the Commandery, and that is the Church of Christ. The Commandery should lead to it. It is the only *terminus ad quem* at which we ought to aim, to which, as the only satisfactory resting place, our Masonic pilgrimage should bring us. If the reason which God has given us forces us, as it seems to me, it must force thoughtful men like us, in presence of the urgent claims of Christ upon our allegiance, to express our faith in those words of St. Thomas which are frequently on our lips, "My Lord and my God," then that faith has consequences for us. It must not, cannot be to a thoughtful, morally earnest man, a barren faith, a bare conviction. If Christ is Lord, then he has a will for us to follow, which is a way marked out for us to walk in. We must ask for that will and put our feet into that way, for it must lead to light and bring us happiness and insure to us life eternal. The grandest mere man who has ever trod this earth, Saul of Tarsus, once lay under the light of Christ's presence and asked the only question a man could possibly ask at such a time, "Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?" He was sent, in answer, to the Church and the blessings Christ has put into the Church, the blessings of a new life begun in Holy Baptism, continued and constantly refreshed in the Holy Communion. In his experience of those blessings, he wrote the words of the text. In a similar experience, of course, on a far lower scale than the great apostles, I repeat his words: "Brethren, my heart's desire and prayer for Israel, the loved ones who loiter, ignorantly content with blessings lower than the highest, my heart's desire and prayer for all such is that they may be fully saved, that they may press on into fuller and clearer light. Oh! that our intercommingling might be an intercommunion! Oh! that the Church of Christ might have the help of all earnest men—oh! that all earnest men might have the help of the Church of Christ."

Mrs. E. C. Shearer took the train yesterday morning for a month's visit in California.

BREVITIES.

Mrs. W. H. Patton of Virginia is visiting Mrs. A. M. Layton.

W. D. Tobey of Carson changed cars for the west last evening.

Judge Bonfield was a passenger for Carson yesterday morning.

Mrs. Henry L. Beck took the train for California yesterday morning.

Dr. Phillips of the University was a west bound passenger last evening.

N. H. A. Mason after a days visit in Reno left for Deeth yesterday morning.

Miss Gibbs still has many pretty novelties in the millinery line for spring and summer wear, and her prices are at the lowest margin.

J. A. Ziegler has a patent for preserving eggs, keeping them perfectly fresh for a year or more. He wants to buy 1000 dozen. See his ad. in 50-cm column.

The Board of County Commissioners will hold a special meeting on next Saturday the 18th inst., to appoint a sheep inspector for this county as provided by statute of 1893.

Governor Sadler arrived from Carson last evening and will spend the day here in consultation with stockmen, regarding quarantine matters also the sheep invasion from California.

F. W. Batters who purchased the A. E. Ross ranch in Lone Valley, has returned from Mexico, where he has large interests but will spend a greater part of his time in this part of the country.

H. Ritter's jobbing trade is one of his special features. Small orders are put up carefully for shipment or town delivery. His goods are all, and his purchasers may depend upon the best of treatment.

Judge Talbot has decided the case of the City of Reno vs. Riverside Mill Company in favor of the latter. It will be remembered that the City Board brought the suit to force the mill company to pay for repairs to the bridge over their ditch on Virginia street.

RENO WHEELMEN.

Semi-Annual Election and an Important Meeting.

The Reno Wheelmen held their semi-annual or term election last evening. The meeting was largely attended and great enthusiasm was manifested. The officers' reports for the past term were presented and read and adopted. The club is in a prosperous condition, both as regards membership and finances. It is now one of the established institutions of the town and a number of features will be inaugurated in connection with the club rooms that will make them a pleasant place to spend an evening as well as affording a general rendezvous for the members. Among other features will be frequent entertainments in which members will be called upon individually to fill the numbers on the program. The election last evening for the ensuing term, after a spirited but good natured contest, resulted as follows: President, Wm. Briniger; Vice-President, W. H. Moynis; Secretary, Chas. Coffin; Treasurer, E. E. Worden; Tiquetea, W. A. Perkins; W. W. Webster, R. B. Hawcroft, Sam Porteous, J. M. Gray; Racing Board, Wm. Briniger, Chas. Coffin, R. B. Hawcroft, W. A. Perkins, Gus Koppe; Captain, to be filled; First Lieutenant, Sam Morzingo; Second Lieutenant, Chas. Nash; Bagler, Stanley Peck.

THE GAILLE QUARANTINE.

What Governor Budd Says on the Subject.

The Sacramento Bee of Tuesday has the following:

Governor Budd to-day received the following dispatch from Governor R. Sadler of Nevada:

"At the meeting of the stockmen held here and largely attended, the following resolutions were adopted: 'Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that the quarantine between this State and California be maintained and that no cattle from infected districts be allowed to enter the State, except in transit under quarantine restrictions, and by railroads only, if it be in the power of the authorities to prevent it.'

"Resolved, That the Governor be requested to telegraph a copy of these resolutions to the Secretary of Agriculture at Washington."

Governor Budd will in connection with the above dispatch, telegraph the Secretary of Agriculture at Washington, requesting him to modify existing regulations which permit cattle being shipped from this State into Nevada and other States after the cattle are inspected and found to be free from disease and Texas fever tick.

Low Pressure on. Low pressure will be turned on tonight and remain on for the next four days on account of cleaning ditch, etc.

RENO W. L. & L. Co.

W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

april 2nd

The French cabinet at a meeting yesterday considered McKinley's message and Spain's reply, and regarded the situation semi-officially as a declaration of war.

THE PALACE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING HOUSE
EASTER GREETING.

--- SPRING HAS COME ---
And With It
THE NECESSITY OF DRESSING IN SPRING STYLE.

We have received—
The largest and most complete line of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
Ever Shown in Reno.

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WE SHOW THE LATEST STYLES OF: Organdi Populaire, Organdi Imperiale, Organdi St. Germain, Organdi Sublime, Batiste d'Etoile, Lappet Stripes, Dotted Swiss Mull, Treville Faconne, Toulon Cords, Victoria Zephyrs, English Percaloes, Javan Madras, Manhattan Ducks, and many other new and beautiful wash fabrics, and all at such prices as to suit everybody. Look at our windows. We are also showing the finest line of Shirt Waists at popular prices.

The Palace Dry Goods House
Grand Clearance Sale!
Finding myself entirely overstocked with FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting of
Men and Boys' Clothing,
Furnishing Goods,
Boots and Shoes
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I shall offer Extraordinary Inducements and will Sacrifice my Entire Line at
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This Sale is to continue until April 1st, at which time I expect to see all of my shelves empty to receive one of the largest assortment of Spring and Summer Goods ever placed on the market.

I Mean What I Say!
Good values at great bargains. Give me a call and be convinced.
S. JACOBS, The Leading Clothier

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Boot and Shoe Department.
LADIES' FINE SHOES
MISSSES' FINE SHOES,
CHILDREN'S SCHOOL SHOES.

Boy's and Mens' Shoes a Specialty.

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